Year 3 and 4 Numeracy Long term map Year 2018 - 2019

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Autumn (8+7)	Settling in to new class	Number: Place Value (4 weeks)		Addition and Subtraction (3 + 1 weeks)		Multiplication and Division – Mental (3 weeks)		Perime Aı	ngth eter and rea eeks)	Xmas activitie s					
Spring (7+6)	Multiplication and Division Written (3 weeks)				tions eeks) I taught to	all	Decimals Year 4 work (for all)		add subtr multiplic	dation of ition, action, action and ision	Easter activitie s				
Summer (4+7)		eeks)		ape eeks)		Time (3 weeks))	Mass and Capacit y Year 3 work (for all)	Position and Directio n Year 4 work (for all)	Statistic s	Last week of term				

^{*}Please note that these plans may change due to the speed and coverage needed for particular groups or children.

Objectives breakdown below - Year 3 Year 4

Autumn term

Number- Place Value	Number – Addition and Subtraction	Number – Multiplication and Division	Measurement – Length, Perimeter and Area
Read and write numbers up to 1000 in	Add and subtract numbers mentally,	Count from 0 in multiples of 4 and 8	Measure, compare, add and subtract:
numerals and in words.	including: a three digit number and ones; a three-digit number and tens; a three	Count in multiples of 6, 7 and 9	lengths (m/cm/mm).
Identify, represent and estimate numbers	digit number and hundreds.	Recall and use multiplication and division	Measure the perimeter of simple 2D
using different representations.	algie namber and nanareas.	facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication	shapes.
and an every epicoentations.	Add and subtract numbers with up to	tables.	Measure and calculate the perimeter of a
Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given	three digits, using formal written methods	Recall and use multiplication and division	rectilinear figure (including squares) in
number. Find 1000 more or less than a	of columnar addition and subtraction.	facts for multiplication tables up to 12 ×	centimetres and metres
given number.	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4	12.	
	digits using the formal written methods		Continue to measure using the
Recognise the place value of each digit in	of columnar addition and subtraction	Write and calculate mathematical	appropriate tools and units, progressing to
a 3 digit number.	where appropriate.	statements for multiplication and division	using a wider range of measures, including
Recognise the place value of each digit in		using the multiplication tables they know,	comparing and using mixed and simple
a 4 digit number.	Estimate the answer to a calculation and	including for two-digit numbers times	equivalents of mixed units.
	use inverse operations to check answers.	one-digit numbers, using mental and	
Order and compare numbers to 1000.	Estimate and use inverse operations to	progressing to formal written methods.	Convert between different units of
Order and compare numbers beyond	check answers to a calculation.		measure eg kilometre to metre.
1000.		Use place value, known and derived facts	e. i.i. 6 i
Count from Oir moultiples of FO and 100	Solve problems, including missing number	to multiply and divide mentally,	Find the area of rectilinear shapes by
Count from 0 in multiples of 50 and 100 Count in multiples of 25 and 1000	problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and	including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three	counting squares.
Count in multiples of 25 and 1000	subtraction.	numbers.	
Solve number problems and practical	Solve addition and subtraction two step	numbers.	
problems involving these ideas.	problems in contexts, deciding which	Solve problems, including missing number	
Solve number and practical problems	operations and methods to use and why.	problems, involving multiplication and	
that involve all of the above and with	operations and means as as a section and single	division, including positive integer scaling	
increasingly large positive numbers.		problems and correspondence problems	
6 , 10 per 10 p		in which n objects are connected to m	
Count backwards through zero to include		objectives.	
negative numbers.			
		Solve problems involving multiplying and	
Round any number to the nearest 10, 100		adding, including using the distributive	
or 1000		law to multiply two digit numbers by one	
		digit, integer scaling problems and harder	
Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and		correspondence problems such as n	
know that over time, the numeral system		objects are connected to m objects.	

changed to include the concept of zero		
and place value.		

Spring term

Number – multiplication and division	Fractions	Fractions and Decimals
Write and calculate mathematical statements for	Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions	Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise
multiplication and division using the multiplication tables	and non-unit fractions with small denominators.	from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing
they know, including for two digit numbers times one-digit		one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written	Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of	
methods.	objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small	Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that
Multiply two digit and three digit numbers by a one digit	denominators.	hundredths arise when dividing an object by one
number using formal written layout.		hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
	Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the	
Solve problems, including missing number problems,	same denominators.	Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number
involving multiplication and division, including positive		of tenths or hundredths.
integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in	Solve problems that involve all of the above.	
which n objects are connected to m objectives.		Recognise and write decimal equivalents to a quarter,
	Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to	half and three quarters
Solve problems involving multiplying and adding,	calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities,	
including using the distributive law to multiply two digit	including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole	
numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and	number.	Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest
harder correspondence problems such as n objects are		whole number.
connected to m objects.		
	Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions	Compare numbers with the same number of decimal
Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in	with small denominators.	places up to two decimal places.
mental calculations.	Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common	
	equivalent fractions.	
	Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	
	within one whole.	
	Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.	

Summer term

Measurement: Money	Geometry: Properties of Shapes	Measurement: Time	Measurement: volume and capacity (Y3)	Co-ordinates (Y4)	Statistics
Add and subtract amounts of money to give change using both £ and p in practical contexts. Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.	Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a halfturn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them.	Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. Read, write & convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. Convert between different units of measure eg hour to minute. Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. Solve problems involving converting from hours to	-	Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/ down. Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. Solve one-step and two-step questions (for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?') using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.
	Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals	minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days			

and triangles, based on their	Compare durations of events		
properties and sizes.	(for example to calculate the		
	time taken by particular events		
	or tasks).		